## Antimicrobial Days for Common Conditions

### Genitourinary

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| Asymptomatic Bacteriuria (non-pregnant, no procedure, non-transplant) | 0    | • Observation is not a/w any negative outcomes¹,²  
• Treatment is only a/w increased resistance¹,²  
• Cloudy / foul smelling urine are not considered sx³ |
| Uncomplicated UTI (in women)                    | 3/5/7| • Indications: absence of systemic or upper tract sx  
  - 3 d for TMP/SMX⁵  
  - 7 d for beta-lactams² |
| Pyelonephritis                                  | 5/7/10| • Indications: UTI w/ systemic or upper tract sx  
  - 5 d for levofoxacin¹ (preferred)  
  - 7-10 d for TMP-SMX  
  - 10-14 d for beta-lactams² |

### Skin & Soft Tissue

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| Abscesses                                      | 0    | • I & D sufficient in majority of cases  
• Consider 5-7 day course for large or recurrent abscesses or if severe disease¹ |
| Dog & Cat Bites                                | 3    | • Indications: for mod - severe bites to hands / face or in the immunocompromised. May extend up to 5 days.¹  
• Consider observation in all others.¹ |
| Cellulitis                                     | 5    | • 5 day course is not a/w any negative outcomes¹,²  
• Consider 7-10 days if minimal improvement by day 5¹,³  
• Limited improvement in first 24-48 hrs is not uncommon |
| Diabetic Foot Infection (DFI)                   | TBD  | • All DFIs require eval for staging, OM, & PAD¹  
• In mod - severe DFI w/o sepsis, obtain cultures first  
• Duration depends on 1 stage, ± 2 debridement, ± 3 OM¹ |

For references visit: [https://health.ucdavis.edu/antimicrobial-stewardship/education](https://health.ucdavis.edu/antimicrobial-stewardship/education)