Competency	Professio	onalism					
Sub Domain Ethical a		ical and Legal Understanding					
Learning Objective			thical decision-making in addressing ethical issues and conflicts				
2. Demonstrates familiarity with the laws affecting medical practice and research Milestones							
Year	rl	Year II		Year III		Year IV	
Mid	End	Mid	End	Mid	End	Mid	End
fiduciary nature of the physician- patient relationship and the duties arising from it (1,2) • Lists the professional and legal responsibilities that are unique to physicians (1,2)	<ul> <li>Describes basic ethical concepts, principles, and terminology in medicine (1)</li> <li>Demonstrates familiarity with the laws that affect clinical practice and research * (2)</li> <li>Describes Process for Ethical Analysis Reflection and Learning (PEARL) (1)</li> <li>Describes the role of ethics in ensuring quality clinical care (1)</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Demonstrates application of foundation knowledge of ethics to analysis of cases** (1,2)</li> <li>Demonstrates behaviors that uphold the ethical tenets of the physician- patient relation- ship in an uncomplicated patient (1)</li> <li>Describes the critical elements of each ethics- specific skill *** (1,2)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Describes opportunities and threats inherent in clinical practice to ethical conduct <sup>†</sup> (1)</li> <li>Discusses role of ethical principles, codes of professional conduct, legal mandates and personal morality in ethical decision- making (1,2)</li> <li>Demonstrates familiarity with the resources available to address difficult ethical issues (1)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Systematically and routinely analyzes ethical issues in clinical care (1)</li> <li>Demonstrate ethics-specific clinical skills under supervision (1,2)</li> <li>Describes the role of institutional ethics committees, review boards, and policies on the provision of patient care (1,2)</li> <li>Discusses the implications of basic ethical and legal principles in the care of specific patient populations <sup>††</sup> (1,2)</li> </ul>		• Advocates for ethical and legal responsibilities of physicians and health systems to promote quality patient care (1,2)

## APPENDIX

- \* Includes key case, statutory, and regulatory laws
- **\*\*** Foundational knowledge applied to analysis of ethical issues:
  - concepts, principles, legal precedents, etc.
  - systematic framework for ethical decision making Process for Ethical Analysis Reflection and Learning (PEARL)

**\*\*\*** Examples of ethics-specific skills:

- Decision-making—capacity determination, informed consent, shared decision making, legal standards surrogate decision making, advanced directives, end-of-life care
- Disclosure—knowledge limits, medical errors, bad news

<sup>†</sup>*Examples of opportunities and threats to ethical conduct:* 

- cases in which values, ethical principles, beliefs are in conflict
- uncertainty

<sup>++</sup>Examples of patient population: children, pregnant women, the elderly, the cognitively impaired, and racial or ethnic minorities