

# Neonatal and Infant (up to 60 weeks CGA) Home NGT Guidelines

## **Background:**

There are many reasons why an infant may not be able to achieve full oral feeds. Often, infants remain in a hospital setting until they can achieve full oral feeds, or an alternative feeding mechanism has been established.

For some infants, oral feeds skills can be supported using a Nasogastric Tube (NGT) or a G-Tube. If an infant is demonstrating safe progress in oral feeding and good growth, discharging a patient with a home NGT may be a possible option. For other infants that will likely need feeding support for longer durations, a G-Tube may be the appropriate choice.

Best practice for each individual patient will be determined based on the below guidelines but also up to provider team discretion.

#### Criteria for Home NGT:

- Infant > 38 week GA
- Infant Taking >40/50% Oral Feeds and can tolerate bolus feeds over 30 mins q3-4 hours\*
- 6F/8F NGT fits comfortably in patient (DME Dependent)
- Infant has demonstrated ability to safely PO feed, determined by primary care team and speech therapy team
- Patient has demonstrated appropriate growth on anticipated home regiment for >48 hours
- Caregiver(s) are agreeable to home NGT and have completed all training requirements
- Caregiver(s) have access to outpatient follow up with PCP comfortable managing NGT (and complete GI referral)
- Caregiver(s) have access to home equipment resources (DME).

 Complete 24-48 hours of rooming in stay with caregiver doing all feeding and med administration cares

## \*Special Circumstances:

- For Infants with genetic, cardiac, anatomic or neurologic conditions which are anticipated to greatly affect infants long term oral feeding ability (greater than ~ 3-6 months), discuss benefit and risk of a G-tube vs Home NGT with parents before making decision about supportive feeding options.
  - (See "Alternative Feeding Guideline" in NICU section on PCG Website)
- For cardiac infants that may be eligible for home NGT feeds, Haiku message Callie Brecek, NP from Children's Heart Center Specialist Team to help coordinate home planning.

### **Caregiver Training:**

- Goal is to have 2 available caregivers identified
- Goal is each caregiver successfully place NGT two separate times (ok for parents to video the training/placement with HIPAA compliance).
- Caregiver can connect NGT to feeding source (Gravity vs Pump).
- If patients go home with Feeding Pump, able to demonstrate how to operate the pump.
- Link to Parent Home Resources: <u>Patient and Family Education A Z | Patient and Family Education | UC Davis Children Hospital</u>

#### **Discharge Medical Equipment Needed:**

 Use Order Set: "Neonatal/Pediatric Feeding DME". This includes NG/NJ, G tube, and GJ discharge DME needs.

#### **Outpatient Follow Up:**

- Communicate with PCP prior to discharge. Ensure PCP is comfortable with initial management
- Prior to discharge, place referral to UCD Pediatric Gastroenterology
- Prior to discharge, consider Speech Therapy Referral
- Special considerations for Cardiology, Pulmonology and Nephrology patients- determine

prior to discharge who will be managing enteral nutrition needs (PCP vs subspecialties)

#### References:

- Lagatta JM, Uhing M, Acharya K, Lavoie J, Rholl E, Malin K, Malnory M, Leuthner J, Brousseau DC. Actual and Potential Impact of a Home Nasogastric Tube Feeding Program for Infants Whose Neonatal Intensive Care Unit Discharge Is Affected by Delayed Oral Feedings. J Pediatr. 2021 Jul;234:38-45.e2. doi: 10.1016/j.jpeds.2021.03.046. Epub 2021 Mar 28. PMID: 33789159; PMCID: PMC8238833.
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- 8. https://www.nature.com/articles/s41372-019-0449-z

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