| Indication        | Agent        | Standard Dose  | Comments and Dose Adjustments  |
|-------------------|--------------|--|--|
| VTE Prophylaxis   |              | 1  | -  |
| All Services      | UFH          | <ul> <li>5,000 units SC q 8 h</li> <li>See EMR adult VTE prophylaxis CI order set</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Assess bleeding risk factors</li> <li>Age greater than 85 years old and body weight less than 50 kg: may use UFH 5,000 units SC q 12 h</li> <li>Preferred agent in CrCl less than 20 ml/min including ESRD receiving renal replacement</li> <li>Obesity: consider doses greater than 5000 units</li> <li>See service specific considerations</li> </ul> |
|                   | Enoxaparin   | See service specific dosing  | <ul> <li>CrCl less than 30 ml/min: reduce dose to 30 mg SC daily</li> <li>Hemodialysis: avoid, use UFH instead</li> <li>Obesity: if weight greater than 100kg in surgical patients, a dose of 40mg SC twice daily can be considered; however, it is unclear if the higher dose is warranted in the obese medical patient</li> </ul>                              |
| Trauma            | UFH          | 5000 units SC q 8 h  |  |
|                   | Enoxaparin   | 30 mg SC q 12 h or<br>40mg once daily  | 30mg q 12 h for NWB injuries,<br>40 mg q 24 h if not a NWB injury of LE/spine  |
| Ortho-Trauma      | UFH          | 5000 units SC q 8 h  |  |
|                   | Enoxaparin   | 30 mg SC q 12 h  | 40 mg q 24 h if not a NWB injury of LE/spine   |
|                   | Fondaparinux | 2.5 mg SC daily  | <ul> <li>Anticoagulation, CPCS or hematology service<br/>approval required</li> <li>CrCl less than 30 ml/min: avoid use</li> </ul>   |
|                   | Warfarin     | INR Target: 2-3  |  |
| Orthopedic Joint  | UFH          | 5000 units SC q 8 h  |  |
|                   | Enoxaparin   | ■ 30 mg SC q 12 h<br>■ 40 mg SC daily  | Use 40 mg once daily if given pre-operative as well, or if it has been over 1 week after surgery . If no preoperative LMWH given, dose is initially 30mg SC q 12 hours   |
|                   | Rivaroxaban  | 10 mg PO g day   | <ul> <li>Not required to give dose with evening meal</li> <li>First dose should be given 6-10 hrs after surgery</li> <li>CrCl is less than 30 ml/min: avoid use</li> </ul>   |
|                   | Apixaban     | 2.5 mg PO q 12 h   | First dose should be given 12-24 hrs after surgery   |
|                   | Warfarin     | ■ INR: 1.5-2.5<br>■ INR: 1.5-2   | Physician directed target  |
| Orthopedic Spine  | UFH          | 5000 units SC q 8 h  |  |
|                   | Enoxaparin   | 30 mg SC q 12 h  |  |
| GI Surgery        | UFH          | 5,000 units SC q 8 h   |  |
|                   | Enoxaparin   | 40 mg SC q 24 h  | Bariatric Surgery: enoxaparin 40 mg SC pre-op and post-op, then 40 mg SC q 12 h for duration of stay (if the patient is re-admitted within 30 days of surgery, but more than 7 days after the operation, use the currently approved LMWH)  |
| Surgical Oncology | UFH          | 5,000 units SC q 8 h   |  |
|                   | Enoxaparin   | 40 mg SC q 24 h  | 1  |
| Burn Surgery      | UFH          | 5,000 units SC q 8 h   |  |
|                   | Enoxaparin   | 30 mg SC q 12 h  | 1  |
| Vascular Surgery  | UFH          | 5,000 units SC q 8 h   |  |

|                  | Enoxaparin   | 40 mg SC q 24 h                 | Sing at OCDIVIC   |
|------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|---|
| CT Surgery       | UFH          | 5,000 units SC q 8-12           | 5,000 units SC q 12 h may be used post- OP day 1                                      |
| CT Surgery       | 0111         | h                               | 3,000 drifts 3C q 12 frillay be used post- Or day 1                                   |
|                  | Enoxaparin   | ■ 30 mg SC q 12 h               | May prefer 40 mg SC q 24 h on post-OP day 1   |
|                  |              | ■ 40 mg SC q 24 h               |   |
| GYN/GYN Oncology | UFH          | 5000 units SC q 8 h             |   |
|                  | Enoxaparin   | 40 mg SC q 24 h                 |   |
| ОВ               | UFH          | 5,000 units SC q 8 h            | May be considered at time of delivery   |
|                  | Enoxaparin   | ■ 30 mg SC q 12 h               | Post-delivery prophylaxis may continue for up to 6 to                                 |
|                  |              | ■ 40 mg SC q 24 h               | 8 weeks   |
|                  |              |                                 | ■ Call Pharmacy or Anticoagulation Service for dosing                                 |
|                  |              |                                 | assistance  |
| Rehab Medicine   | UFH          | 5,000 units SC q 8 h            |   |
|                  | Enoxaparin   | 40 mg SC daily                  | 30 mg q 12 h if NWB injury of lower extremity or injury                               |
|                  |              |                                 | of spine  |
| Medicine         | UFH          | 5,000 units SC q 8 h            |   |
|                  | Enoxaparin   | 40 mg SC daily                  |   |
| HIT history      | Bivalirudin  | Call Anticoagulation            | See bivalirudin guidelines for renal adjustment                                       |
|                  |              | Service for assistance          | <ul> <li>Anticoagulation, CPCS or hematology service</li> </ul>                       |
|                  |              |                                 | approval required   |
|                  | Fondaparinux | 2.5 mg SC q 24 h                | <ul> <li>Anticoagulation, CPCS or hematology service</li> </ul>                       |
|                  |              |                                 | approval required   |
| VTF Tuestus and  |              |                                 | ■ CrCl less than 30 ml/min: avoid use   |
| VTE Treatment    | LIEU CI      | Coo FNAD V/TF                   | T   |
| All Services     | UFH CI       | See EMR VTE treatment order set |   |
|                  | Enoxaparin   | 1 mg/kg SC q 12 h               | In high risk patients (e. g. obesity, cancer, high clot                               |
|                  | Liioxapaiiii | 1 111g/ kg 3C q 12 11           | burden), 1 mg/kg q 12 h is preferred; lower risk                                      |
|                  |              |                                 | patients unable to tolerate q 12 h dosing, 1.5mg/kg SC                                |
|                  |              |                                 | daily can be considered if CrCl greater than 30 ml/min                                |
|                  |              |                                 | ■ CrCl 30-60 ml/min: can reduce dose ~25%, or round                                   |
|                  |              |                                 | down to next syringe size   |
|                  |              |                                 | ■ CrCl 20-30 ml/min: reduce dose to 1 mg/kg SC daily                                  |
|                  |              |                                 | ■ CrCl less than 20 ml/min or on HD: 0.7 mg/kg SC daily                               |
|                  |              |                                 | (range 0.4-1 mg/kg SC daily)  |
|                  |              |                                 | <ul> <li>Obesity: use actual body weight; dose capping not<br/>recommended</li> </ul> |
|                  | Dabigatran   | 150 mg PO bid                   | Parenteral therapy should be provided for at least 5                                  |
|                  | Dabigatian   | 130 1116 1 0 1010               | days prior to initiating dabigatran for acute VTE                                     |
|                  |              |                                 | treatment   |
|                  |              |                                 | ■ CrCl less than 50 ml/min and receiving a P-gp                                       |
|                  |              |                                 | inhibitor: avoid use  |
|                  |              |                                 | ■ CrCl less than 30 ml/min: no dosing   |
|                  |              |                                 | recommendations; avoid use  |
|                  | Rivaroxaban  | 15 mg PO bid for 21             | ■ Dose must be given with food  |
|                  |              | days, then 20 mg PO             | ■ CrCl less than 30 ml/min: avoid use   |
|                  |              | daily                           |   |
|                  | Apixaban     | 10 mg PO bid for 7              | ■ If treatment is continued after 6 months of therapy,                                |
|                  |              | days, then 5 mg PO              | can reduce dose to 2.5 mg PO bid  |
|                  | Ì            | bid                             | CrCl less than 25 ml/min or SCr ≥ 2.5 mg/dl: no dosing                                |

|   |              | Anticoagulation Dos                            | 1 <del>-</del>   |
|---|--------------|--|--|
|   |              |  | recommendations  |
|   | Edoxaban     | 60 mg PO daily                                 | <ul> <li>Parenteral therapy should be provided for at least 5 days prior to initiating edoxaban for acute VTE treatment</li> <li>CrCl 15-50 ml/min, weight ≤ 60 kg, or use of P-gp inhibitor: 30 mg PO daily</li> <li>CrCl less than 15 ml/min: avoid use</li> </ul>   |
| Pediatrics  | UFH CI       | See EMR order sets                             | or or ress than 15 my min area ase   |
|   | Enoxaparin   | 1 mg/kg SC q 12 h                              | <ul> <li>Adjust to anti-Factor Xa activity</li> <li>Age less than 2 months: 1.5 mg/kg SC q 12 h</li> <li>Call 6th floor pharmacy or Anticoagulation Service for dosing assistance</li> </ul>   |
| ОВ  | UFH CI       | See EMR order set                              | Started just prior to delivery   |
|   | Enoxaparin   | 1 mg/kg SC q 12 h                              | <ul> <li>Adjusted to anti-Factor Xa activity</li> <li>Call Pharmacy or Anticoagulation Service for dosing assistance</li> </ul>  |
| HIT   | Bivalirudin  | Call Anticoagulation<br>Service for assistance | <ul> <li>See bivalirudin guidelines for renal adjustment</li> <li>Anticoagulation, CPCS or hematology service approval required</li> </ul>   |
|   | Fondaparinux | Call Anticoagulation Service for assistance    | <ul><li>Anticoagulation, CPCS or hematology approval<br/>required</li><li>CrCl less than 30 ml/min: avoid use</li></ul>  |
| Cardiac Indications   | 3            |  |  |
| Atrial Fibrillation (CHADS <sub>2</sub> or  | Warfarin     | INR 2-3  | See comments below when considering bridge with UFH/LMWH   |
| CHA <sub>2</sub> DS <sub>2</sub> -VASc<br>greater than or<br>equal to 2, or<br>history of embolic | UFH CI       | See EMR ACS order set                          | <ul> <li>■ Typically no bolus is necessary</li> <li>■ Presence of a closure device or concern for thrombus<br/>on ECHO despite a CHADS<sub>2</sub> of 2 or less may still<br/>warrant parenteral anticoagulation</li> </ul>  |
| stroke or TIA; also<br>see bridging<br>guidelines)  | Enoxaparin   | 1 mg/kg SC q 12 h                              | <ul> <li>Presence of a closure device or concern for thrombus on ECHO despite a CHADS₂ of 2 or less may still warrant parenteral anticoagulation</li> <li>CrCl 30-60 ml/min: can reduce dose ~25%, or round down to next syringe size</li> <li>CrCl 20-30 ml/min: reduce dose to 1 mg/kg daily</li> <li>CrCl less than 20 ml/min or on HD: 0.7 mg/kg SC daily (range 0.4-1 mg/kg SC once daily)</li> </ul> |
|   | Dabigatran   | 150 mg PO bid                                  | <ul> <li>For nonvalvular atrial fibrillation only</li> <li>Do not open capsule; cannot be administered via NG tube</li> <li>CrCl 30-50 ml/min and receiving a P-gp inhibitor: consider 75 mg PO bid</li> <li>CrCl less than 30 ml/min: avoid use</li> </ul>  |
|   | Rivaroxaban  | 20 mg PO daily                                 | <ul> <li>For nonvalvular atrial fibrillation only</li> <li>Dose must be given with evening meal</li> <li>CrCl 15-50 ml/min: 15 mg PO daily</li> <li>CrCl less than 15 or on HD: avoid use</li> </ul>   |
|   | Apixaban     | 5 mg PO bid                                    | <ul> <li>For nonvalvular atrial fibrillation only</li> <li>If patient meets two of the following criteria - age ≥</li> <li>80 years, body weight ≤ 60 kg, SCr ≥ 1.5 mg/dL: 2.5 mg PO bid</li> </ul>  |

|                  |                              | Anticoagulation Dos   |  |
|------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
|                  |                              |                       | ■ ESRD on HD: 5 mg PO bid, or reduce to 2.5 mg PO bid  |
|                  |                              |                       | if age ≥ 80 years or body weight ≤ 60 kg (based on   |
|                  |                              |                       | single dose pharmacokinetic study only)  |
|                  | Edoxaban                     | 60 mg PO daily        | ■ For nonvalvular atrial fibrillation only   |
|                  |                              |                       | ■ CrCl greater than 95 ml/min: avoid use; increased risk   |
|                  |                              |                       | of stroke when compared to warfarin  |
|                  |                              |                       | ■ CrCl 15-50 ml/min: 30 mg PO daily  |
|                  |                              |                       | ■ CrCl less than 15 ml/min: avoid use  |
| Mechanical Valve | Warfarin                     | ■ AVR – INR: 2-3      | <ul> <li>Avoid DOACs and fondaparinux</li> </ul>   |
| Replacement      |                              | ■ MVR – INR: 2.5-3.5  | ■ UFH/LMWH are options, but no clear   |
|                  |                              |                       | recommendations for dosing; consider therapeutic dosing for MVR  |
|                  |                              |                       | <ul> <li>Physician guided goals for bioprosthetic valves</li> </ul>  |
| Ablation         | Warfarin                     | INR 2-3               | Procedure may be performed with INR in target range  |
|                  | UFH                          | 5,000 units SC q 8 h  |  |
|                  | Enoxaparin                   | 0.5-1 mg/kg SC q 12 h | Call Anticoagulation Service for assistance if CrCl less than 30 ml/min  |
| Acute Coronary   | Enoxaparin                   | 30 mg or up to 0.5    | See below for subsequent NSTEMI and STEMI dosing;  |
| Syndrome         | ·                            | mg/kg IV bolus at     | initial SC dose administered at the time of IV bolus   |
| •                |                              | presentation          | Age greater than 75 years: no bolus dose   |
| NSTEMI           | UFH Cl or intermittent bolus | See ACS order set     | UFH bolus adjusted to ACT in cardiac cath lab  |
|                  | Enoxaparin                   | 1 mg/kg SC q 12 h     | ■ CrCl less than 30 ml/min: 1 mg/kg SC q 24 hr   |
|                  |                              |                       | Obesity: dose capping not recommended  |
| STEMI            | UFH CI or                    | See ACS order set     | UFH bolus adjusted to ACT in cardiac cath lab  |
|                  | intermittent<br>bolus        |                       |  |
|                  | Enoxaparin                   | 1 mg/kg SC q 12 h     | ■ Use actual body weight, but maximum 100 mg for the   |
|                  |                              |                       | first two doses  |
|                  |                              |                       | <ul> <li>Age greater than 75: 0.75 mg/kg SC q 12 hr (maximum<br/>dose of 75 mg for the first two doses)</li> </ul> |
|                  |                              |                       | CrCl less than 30 ml/min: 1 mg/kg SC q 24 hr   |

Abbreviations: SC = subcutaneously; CI = continuous infusion; CrCl = creatinine clearance; LMWH = low molecular weight heparin; UFH = unfractionated heparin; DOAC = direct oral anticoagulant; HD = hemodialysis; ESRD = end stage renal disease

## **Dalteparin Dosing:**

Dalteparin may be used for patients here for a limited stay when using prior to admission for VTE treatment (e.g. cancer patients), or those who may be discharged and need 24 hour coverage while transitioning to a different anticoagulant. Give 200 units/kg/day SC if VTE event > 30 days. After 30 days, decrease to 150 units/kg/day. No adjustment if CrCl > 20 ml/min.

For VTE event < 1 month prior (200 units/kg): For VTE related event > 1 month or other indications for

<57Kg: 10,000 units treatment (≥ 150 units/kg):

57-68kg: 12,500 units<57Kg: 7,500 units</td>69-82kg: 15,000 units57-68kg: 10,000 units83-98kg: 18,000 units69-82kg: 12,500 units99-106kg: 20,000 units83-98kg: 15,000 units107-119kg: 22,500 units99-120kg: 18,000 units120-131kg: 25,000 units121-133kg: 20,000 units132-143kg: 27,500 units134-150kg: 22,500 units

144-150kg: 30,000 units >150kg: Call CLOT or pharmacy for dosing assistance

>150kg: Call CLOT or pharmacy for dosing assistance

## LMWH Dose Rounding:

For patients weighing less than 50kg, call primary service to adjust to nearest syringe size. For enoxaparin, round up or down to nearest syringe based on assessment of thrombosis vs bleeding risk if > 50 kg. Consider rounding down if renal impairment, higher bleeding risk, elderly, frail etc. Consider rounding up if normal renal function, higher clotting risk, young, few comorbidities etc. For obese patients, call Anticoagulation service for dosing assistance.

## **Renal Impairment:**

Use Cockcroft and Gault equation and total body weight for calculations. CrCl < 20 ml/min for either enoxaparin, dalteparin or fondaparinux: Call the Anticoagulation service for assistance.

Approved by P&T Committee 11/2015